



Morse code is a way to send messages without using words. It has its own alphabet made up of short (dot) and long (dash) sounds or flashes of light. It was used during the Second World War between warships and naval bases because radio frequency was limited and easily identifiable by military enemies.

By pressing the key (on the left) the morse code operator transmitted a series of electrical pulses that were received as dots (one unit) or dashes (three units) and printed on strips of paper or later as sounds that could then be interpreted.



Use the **International Morse Code** alphabet below to translate the VE Day headlines and phrases on the next page and maybe even send messages to your friends and family. To start with we have given you a message to translate. Good Luck.

A ·—	K —·—	U ···—	0
B —…	L ·—··	v ···-	1
C	M ——	w ·——	2
D —··	N —·	X -··-	3
E·	0	Y -·	4
F	P ·——·	Z ——···	5
G ——·	0		6 —…
H ····	R ·—·		7 ——…
I ··	s ···		8 ———…
J ·———	T —		9

Your practice message. The $\sqrt{\text{separates each word.}}$ Answer at foot of page			
···- ·/-·· ·· / ·· · · · · · · ·			
····/—··/—···			
·			

Now have a go at translating these historic messages – good luck – and enjoy the challenge!

- 1 World joy over peace
- 3 Victory Parade
- 4 Church Bells will be rung
- 5 The world has gone mad with Joy
- 6 A joyous celebration
- 7 Belfast is a city without strangers
- 8 Long live the cause of freedom
- 9 War ends midnight

- 10 World thankful and joyful
- 11 The War In Europe is over
- 12 God Save The King
- 13 Advance Britannia
- 14 Unconditional Surrender of Germany
- 15 Churchill will announce news at 3 o'clock
- 16 The king will broadcast at 9 o'clock